# Intro to Cybersecurity

### 1.1.1 – Intro to Security Concepts





# Model of Computer Security

### **Protection = Prevention + (Detection + Response)**

- Protection What the goal is.
- **Prevention** What you can do ahead of time.
- Detection What you can do while the system is running to determine if something is wrong.
- **Response** When something wrong is detected what you can do to fix the problem.
- Every security technique falls into at least one of the three elements of this equation





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#### NIST Cybersecurity Framework





GALANTECH — with — GARDEN STATE CYBER

Source: https://www.nist.gov/cyberframework













# C I A = Goal of Network Security

Data (aka information) is an Asset. The goal of cybersecurity is to maintain...

**C**onfidentiality

Data is not revealed

Integrity

**A**vailability

Data is intact – not modified or corrupted

Data is accessible to allowed users





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# Confidentiality

### Protection against unauthorized access









# Integrity

### Protection against unauthorized modification









## Availability

### Protection against denial of service









# Intro to Cybersecurity

### Activity – Understanding the CIA Triad







### Data "states"

To protect the CIA of data, we need to know what *"state"* the data is in and then we can apply the right cybersecurity tool.

- Data at Rest = storage → information is at rest; usually files, databases, etc stored on hard drives, USB drives, memory, DVDs
- Data in Transit = transmission → being moved from one system to another or file sharing on a LAN or transfer on the Internet, etc.
- Data in Use = processing → file creation by user, data used in an application, being processed or placed in memory, etc.







# **Breach of CIA examples**

### Loss of Confidentiality Stolen data that was made public

 NSA leaks of government data by Edward Snowden Ex-Worker at C.I.A. Says He Leaked Data on Surveillance



NY Times 6/9/13 Credit:Glenn Greenwald/Laura Poitras/European Pressphoto Agency





# **Breach of CIA examples**

### Loss of Integrity $\rightarrow$ Data that was corrupted



https://www.wired.com/2010/11/stuxnet-sabotage-centrifuges/





**STUXNET worm** – changed the code on the centrifuge machines in an Iranian nuclear facility so that they ran at too high a speed.



# **Breach of CIA examples**

### Loss of Availability → Data is inaccessible A common reason is a DDoS attack = Distributed Denial of Service

**Mirai Botnet takes down website of cybersecurity reporter Brian Krebs**– mad about an article he wrote, hackers infected more than 145,000 internet-attached devices like cameras and ordered them to flood Krebs' website with traffic. It was like getting hit with a massive firehose and the site crashed for 4 days.



https://arstechnica.com/information-technology/2016/09/botnet-of-145k-cameras-reportedly-deliver-internets-biggest-ddos-ever/

CYB=R.ORG





# Intro to Cybersecurity

### Activity – CIA Triad Card Game



